A dynamic model of economy with social stratification

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The paper presents a method of identification for a dynamic model of economic growth with social stratification. The model is a modification of a model presented in [1]. Here for describe an economic model for a stratum it is used the Uzawa-Lucas model [2-4] on the data of Russian economic statistics by application of high performance computations on multi-processors systems [5-7].

An optimal control problem for a typical household of a stratum dynasty can be formulated by the following way:

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-\rho t} (lnc + \phi ln \frac{n}{m} + \psi lnN) dt \longrightarrow \max_{u,c,n},$$
(1)

$$\dot{h} = B(1-u)h,\tag{2}$$

$$\dot{N} = (n - M\mu(h))N,\tag{3}$$

$$\dot{k} = Ah_a^{\gamma}k^{\alpha}(uh)^{1-\alpha} - (n - M\mu(h) + \delta)k - c - qnh, \qquad (4)$$

Here the control variables are a part of time for job u(t), per capita consumption c(t), and the number of children defined by fertility n(t). State variables are the physical capital k(t), the human capital h(t), the size of dynasty N(t), mortality $m(t) = M\mu(h)$, $\mu'(h) < 0$, $\mu(0) = \mu_+ >$ $\mu(\infty) = \mu_- > 0$. Parameters are the discount rate $\rho > 0$, the utility weights ϕ and ψ , the intensity of schooling B > 0, the depreciation rate of physical capital $\delta > 0$, the technological level A > 0, the exponent $\gamma \ge 0$, the output elasticity of physical capital $0 < \alpha < 1$ in production, the cost of child rearing q > 0.

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GDP for the whole economy, the population and the value the average human capital are determined as sum of all strata S.

$$Y_a = \sum_{i=1}^{S} y_i N_i,\tag{5}$$

$$N_a = \sum_{i=1}^{S} N_i,\tag{6}$$

$$h_a = \sum_{i=1}^{S} h_i N_i / N_a, \tag{7}$$

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