

> restart;

- Load from http://www.ccas.ru/ca/_media/truncatedseries2020.zip the archive with two files: maple.ind and maple.lib.

- Put these files to some directory, for example to "/usr/userlib".

- Assign libname := "/usr/userlib", libname in the Maple session.

> libname := "maple.lib", libname :

> with(TruncatedSeries);

[FormalSolution, LaurentSolution, RegularSolution]

(1)

Samples from

S. A. Abramov, A. A. Ryabenko, and D. E. Khmel'nov, Truncated Series and Formal Exponential-Logarithmic Solutions of Linear Ordinary Differential Equations // Computational Mathematics and Mathematical Physics, 2020, in print.

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Section 3

> Example1 := $(-x^2 + O(x^4)) \theta(y(x), x, 5) + (x^3 + O(x^4)) \theta(y(x), x, 4) + (x + O(x^3)) \theta(y(x), x, 3) + (x^3 + O(x^4)) \theta(y(x), x, 2) + (x + O(x^3)) \theta(y(x), x, 1) + (-1 + O(x)) y(x) :$

> FormalSolution(Example1, y(x));

$$\left[e^{-\frac{3}{x^{1/3}} x^{2/3} \left(-c_1 - \frac{16 - c_1 x^{1/3}}{9} + O(x^{2/3}) \right)} + e^{-\frac{3 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^2 + \underline{Z} + 1, \text{index}=1)}{x^{1/3}} x^{2/3} \left(-c_2 + \left(\frac{16}{9} + \frac{16 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^2 + \underline{Z} + 1, \text{index}=1)}{9} \right) - c_2 x^{1/3} + O(x^{2/3}) \right)} + e^{-\frac{3 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^2 + \underline{Z} + 1, \text{index}=2)}{x^{1/3}} x^{2/3} \left(-c_3 + \left(\frac{16}{9} + \frac{16 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^2 + \underline{Z} + 1, \text{index}=2)}{9} \right) - c_3 x^{1/3} + O(x^{2/3}) \right)} + e^{\frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} x^{5/4} \left(-c_4 - \frac{15 - c_4 \sqrt{x}}{16} + O(x) \right)} + e^{-\frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} x^{5/4} \left(-c_5 + \frac{15 - c_5 \sqrt{x}}{16} + O(x) \right)} \right] \quad (1.1)$$

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> Example2 := $(-x^2 + O(x^4)) \theta(y(x), x, 5) + (x^3 + O(x^4)) \theta(y(x), x, 4) + (x + O(x^3)) \theta(y(x), x, 3) + (O(x^3)) \theta(y(x), x, 2) + (O(x)) \theta(y(x), x, 1) + (-1 + O(x)) y(x) :$

> FormalSolution(Example2, y(x));

$$\left[e^{-\frac{3}{x^{1/3}} x^{2/3} \left(-c_1 + O(x^{1/3}) \right)} + e^{-\frac{3 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^2 + \underline{Z} + 1, \text{index}=1)}{x^{1/3}} x^{2/3} \left(-c_2 + O(x^{1/3}) \right)} + e^{-\frac{3 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^2 + \underline{Z} + 1, \text{index}=2)}{x^{1/3}} x^{2/3} \left(-c_3 + O(x^{1/3}) \right)} + e^{\frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} x^{5/4} \left(-c_4 + O(\sqrt{x}) \right)} + e^{-\frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} x^{5/4} \left(-c_5 + O(\sqrt{x}) \right)} \right] \quad (1.2)$$

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> Example3 := $(O(x^2)) \theta(y(x), x, 5) + (x^3 + O(x^4)) \theta(y(x), x, 4) + (x + O(x^3)) \theta(y(x), x, 3) + (O(x^3)) \theta(y(x), x, 2) + (O(x)) \theta(y(x), x, 1) + (-1 + O(x)) y(x) :$

> FormalSolution(Example3, y(x));

$$\left[e^{-\frac{3 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^2 + \underline{Z} + 1, \text{index}=1)}{x^{1/3}}} y_{\text{reg},1}(x^{1/3}) + e^{-\frac{3 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^2 + \underline{Z} + 1, \text{index}=2)}{x^{1/3}}} y_{\text{reg},2}(x^{1/3}) + e^{-\frac{3}{x^{1/3}}} y_{\text{reg},3}(x^{1/3}) + y_{\text{irr}}(x) \right] \quad (1.3)$$

> $\text{Example3}_1 := (-x^2 + O(x^4)) \theta(y(x), x, 5) + (x^3 + O(x^4)) \theta(y(x), x, 4) + (x + O(x^2)) \theta(y(x), x, 3) + (O(x^5)) \theta(y(x), x, 2) + (O(x^5)) \theta(y(x), x, 1) + (-1 + O(x)) y(x) :$

> $\text{FormalSolution}(\text{Example3}_1, y(x)) ;$

$$\left[e^{-\frac{3 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^2 + \underline{Z} + 1, \text{index}=1)}{x^{1/3}}} x^{2/3} \left(-c_1 + \left(\frac{7}{9} + \frac{7 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^2 + \underline{Z} + 1, \text{index}=1)}{9} \right) -c_1 x^{1/3} + O(x^{2/3}) \right) + e^{-\frac{3 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^2 + \underline{Z} + 1, \text{index}=2)}{x^{1/3}}} x^{2/3} \left(-c_2 + \left(\frac{7}{9} + \frac{7 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^2 + \underline{Z} + 1, \text{index}=2)}{9} \right) -c_2 x^{1/3} + O(x^{2/3}) \right) + e^{-\frac{3}{x^{1/3}}} x^{2/3} \left(-c_3 - \frac{7 -c_3 x^{1/3}}{9} + O(x^{2/3}) \right) + e^{-\frac{2}{\sqrt{x}}} x^{5/4} (-c_4 + O(\sqrt{x})) + e^{\frac{2}{\sqrt{x}}} x^{5/4} (-c_5 + O(\sqrt{x})) \right] \quad (1.4)$$

> $\text{Example4} := (-x^3 + O(x^4)) \theta(y(x), x, 5) + (x^3 + O(x^4)) \theta(y(x), x, 4) + (x + O(x^3)) \theta(y(x), x, 3) + (O(x^3)) \theta(y(x), x, 2) + (O(1)) \theta(y(x), x, 1) + (-1 + O(x)) y(x) :$

> $\text{FormalSolution}(\text{Example4}, y(x)) ;$

$$\left[y_1(x) + y_{\text{irr},1}(x) + y_{\text{irr},2}(x) + e^{-\frac{1}{x}} y_{\text{reg},1}(x) + e^{\frac{1}{x}} y_{\text{reg},2}(x) \right] \quad (1.5)$$

> $\text{Example4}_1 := (-x^3 + O(x^4)) \theta(y(x), x, 5) + (x^3 + O(x^4)) \theta(y(x), x, 4) + (x + O(x^3)) \theta(y(x), x, 3) + (x^3 + O(x^4)) \theta(y(x), x, 2) + (1 + O(x)) \theta(y(x), x, 1) + (-1 + O(x)) y(x) :$

> $\text{TruncatedSeries:-RegularSolution}(\text{Example4}_1, y(x))$

$$\left[x (-c_1 + O(x)) \right] \quad (1.6)$$

> $\text{FormalSolution}(\text{Example4}_1, y(x)) ;$

$$\left[x (-c_1 + O(x)) + e^{-\frac{2 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^2 + 1, \text{index}=1)}{\sqrt{x}}} x^{1/4} (-c_2 + O(\sqrt{x})) + e^{-\frac{2 \operatorname{RootOf}(\underline{Z}^2 + 1, \text{index}=2)}{\sqrt{x}}} x^{1/4} (-c_3 + O(\sqrt{x})) + e^{-\frac{1}{x}} y_{\text{reg},1}(x) + e^{\frac{1}{x}} y_{\text{reg},2}(x) \right] \quad (1.7)$$

Section 4

> $\text{Example5} := O(x^2) * \theta(y(x), x, 2) + (x^2 + O(x^3)) * \theta(y(x), x, 1) + O(x^3) * y(x) :$
 $\text{FormalSolution}(\text{Example5}, y(x)) ;$

$$\left[y_{\text{reg}}(x) \right] \quad (2.1)$$

> $\text{Example5}_1 := (x^2 + O(x^3)) \theta(y(x), x, 2) + (x^2 + O(x^3)) \theta(y(x), x, 1) + (x^3 + O(x^4)) y(x) :$

> $\text{FormalSolution}(\text{Example5}_1, y(x)) ;$

$$\left[-c_1 - \frac{-c_1 x}{2} + O(x^2) + y_{reg}(x) \right] \quad (2.2)$$

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> $Example5_2 := (-x^2 + O(x^3)) \theta(y(x), x, 2) + (x^2 + O(x^3)) \theta(y(x), x, 1) + (x^3 + O(x^4)) y(x) :$

> $FormalSolution(Example5_2, y(x));$

$$\left[x \left(\frac{-c_1}{x} + -c_2 + O(x) + \ln(x) (-c_1 + O(x)) \right), x (-c_2 + O(x)) \right] \quad (2.3)$$

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Section 6

> $(x + O(x^3)) \theta(y(x), x, 2) + (x^2 + O(x^3)) \theta(y(x), x, 1) + (2 + O(x^2)) y(x) :$

> $FormalSolution(\%, y(x));$

$$\left[e^{-\frac{2 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2 + 2, \operatorname{index}=1)}{\sqrt{x}}} x^{1/4} \left(-c_1 + \frac{\operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2 + 2, \operatorname{index}=1) -c_1 \sqrt{x}}{32} - \frac{521 -c_1 x}{1024} + O(x^{3/2}) \right) + e^{-\frac{2 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2 + 2, \operatorname{index}=2)}{\sqrt{x}}} x^{1/4} \left(-c_2 + \frac{\operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2 + 2, \operatorname{index}=2) -c_2 \sqrt{x}}{32} - \frac{521 -c_2 x}{1024} + O(x^{3/2}) \right) \right] \quad (3.1)$$

> $(x^2 + x^5 + O(x^6)) \theta(y(x), x, 2) + (2x + x^4 + O(x^5)) \theta(y(x), x, 1) + (1 - x + x^3 + O(x^4)) y(x) :$
 > $FormalSolution(\%, y(x))$

$$\left[e^{\frac{1}{x}} \left(-c_2 + (-c_2 + 2 -c_1) x + O(x^2) + \ln(x) (-c_1 -c_1 x + O(x^2)) \right), e^{\frac{1}{x}} \left(-c_2 -c_2 x + O(x^2) \right), e^{\frac{1}{x}} \left(2 -c_1 x + O(x^2) + \ln(x) (-c_1 -c_1 x + O(x^2)) \right) \right] \quad (3.2)$$

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> $(O(x^4)) \theta(y(x), x, 2) + (O(x)) \theta(y(x), x, 1) + O(1) y(x) :$

> $FormalSolution(\%, y(x));$

FAIL (3.3)

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No result

> $(O(x^4)) \theta(y(x), x, 2) + (O(x)) \theta(y(x), x, 1) + (2 + O(x^2)) y(x) :$

> $FormalSolution(\%, y(x));$

FAIL (3.4)

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First term of one exponential part

> $(O(x^4)) \theta(y(x), x, 2) + (3x + O(x^2)) \theta(y(x), x, 1) + (2 + O(x^2)) y(x) :$

> $FormalSolution(\%, y(x));$

$$\left[e^{\frac{2}{3x}} y_{reg}(x) \right] \quad (3.5)$$

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One exponential part and its regular part

> $(O(x^4)) \theta(y(x), x, 2) + (3x + O(x^3)) \theta(y(x), x, 1) + (2 + O(x^2)) y(x) :$

> $FormalSolution(\%, y(x));$

$$\left[e^{\frac{2}{3x}} (-c_1 + O(x)) \right] \quad (3.6)$$

First terms of both exponential parts (no regular parts)

> $(4x^4 + O(x^5)) \theta(y(x), x, 2) + (3x + O(x^3)) \theta(y(x), x, 1) + (2 + O(x^2)) y(x) :$

> *FormalSolution*(%, y(x));

$$\left[e^{\frac{2}{3x}} (-c_1 + O(x)) + e^{\frac{1}{4x^3}} y_1(x) \right] \quad (3.7)$$

> $(4x^4 + O(x^8)) \theta(y(x), x, 2) + (3x + O(x^4)) \theta(y(x), x, 1) + (2 + O(x^2)) y(x) :$

> *FormalSolution*(%, y(x));

$$\left[e^{\frac{2}{3x}} (-c_1 + O(x)) + e^{\frac{1}{4x^3} - \frac{2}{3x}} y_{reg}(x) \right] \quad (3.8)$$

Both exponential parts with their regular parts

> $(4x^4 + O(x^8)) \theta(y(x), x, 2) + (3x + O(x^5)) \theta(y(x), x, 1) + (2 + O(x^2)) y(x) :$

> *FormalSolution*(%, y(x));

$$\left[e^{\frac{2}{3x}} (-c_1 + O(x)) + e^{\frac{1}{4x^3} - \frac{2}{3x}} x^3 (-c_2 + O(x)) \right] \quad (3.9)$$

Both exponential parts with more terms of their regular parts

> $(4x^4 + O(x^9)) \theta(y(x), x, 2) + (3x + O(x^6)) \theta(y(x), x, 1) + (2 + O(x^4)) y(x) :$

> *FormalSolution*(%, y(x));

$$\left[e^{\frac{2}{3x}} \left(-c_1 - \frac{16-c_1x}{27} - \frac{196-c_1x^2}{729} + O(x^3) \right) + e^{\frac{1}{4x^3} - \frac{2}{3x}} x^3 \left(-c_2 + \frac{16-c_2x}{27} + O(x^2) \right) \right] \quad (3.10)$$